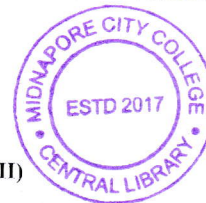


PG (CBCS)
M.Sc. Semester-IV Examination, 2026
CHEMISTRY
PAPER: CEM 402
(ADVANCED INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-III)



Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 Hours

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.
Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

GROUP - A1. Answer any **FOUR** of the following questions:

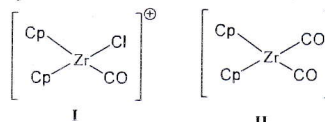
2×4 = 8

- What do you mean by HNCC & LNCC in carbonyl cluster?
- In Cu(II) acetate monohydrate, with the increase of the number of electronegative substituents on acetate, the magnetic moment increases.- Explain.
- What is metal-metal quintuple bond? Give an example
- State the Lande Interval rule?
- What are Chini's clusters? Give an example.
- $[\text{Cr}_2\text{Cl}_9]^{3-}$ is paramagnetic while $[\text{W}_2\text{Cl}_9]^{3-}$ is diamagnetic - Explain.

GROUP - B2. Answer any **FOUR** of the following questions:

4×4 = 16

- Draw a plot of χ_M vs temperature T(K) for different magnetic substances and explain Curie and Neel temperature. (χ_M =Magnetic Susceptibility). (2+2)
- Calculate the χ_D for bipyridine and triphenylphosphine(PPh_3) by using Pascal's constant. (4)
Given, $\chi_D(\text{P}) = -26.3 \times 10^{-6} \text{ emu mol}^{-1}$; $\lambda(\text{C}_{\text{ring}}) = -6.24 \times 10^{-6} \text{ emu mol}^{-1}$;
 $\chi_D(\text{H}) = -2.93 \times 10^{-6} \text{ emu mol}^{-1}$; $\chi_D(\text{N}_{\text{ring}}) = -4.61 \times 10^{-6} \text{ emu mol}^{-1}$.
 $\lambda(\text{benzene}) = -1.4 \times 10^{-6} \text{ emu mol}^{-1}$; $\lambda(\text{pyridine}) = 0.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ emu mol}^{-1}$
 $\lambda(\text{Ar-Ar}) = -0.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ emu mol}^{-1}$
- Between the given two complexes I and II which will show a lower carbonyl stretching frequency? - Explain. (4)



- Explain the metal-metal bonding in $[\text{Os}_2\text{Cl}_8]^{2-}$ anion. $\text{Re}_2\text{Cl}_8^{2-}$ is eclipsed while $\text{Os}_2\text{Cl}_8^{2-}$ is staggered-Explain. (2+2)

P.T.O

(1)

- e) What is single molecular magnet? Give an example. Write down the properties of single molecular magnet. (2+2)
- f) Describe the correlation between total electron count (TEC) and skeletal electron pair (SEP), and use same to predict the structure $[\text{Fe}_4\text{N}(\text{CO})_{12}]^-$ and $[\text{H}_3\text{Ru}_4(\text{CO})_{12}]^-$. (4)

GROUP - C

3. Answer any TWO of the following questions:

8×2 = 16

- a) Derive an expression for Curie's law of paramagnetism. Show that paramagnetic susceptibilities depend inversely on the absolute temperature. (6+2)
- b) Prove that $\mu_l = \sqrt{l(l+1)} \cdot \beta$ where β = Bohr Magneton. Calculate the magnetic moment for a complex of Ho^{3+} , such as $\text{Ho}(\text{phen})_2(\text{NO}_3)_3$. (5+3)
- c) Determine the structure of $\text{Ir}_4(\text{CO})_{12}$ and $\text{Co}_4(\text{CO})_{12}$ clusters. Explain the different geometry of $\text{Ir}_4(\text{CO})_{12}$ and $\text{Co}_4(\text{CO})_{12}$ clusters with proper reason. (4+4)
- d) Discuss the 'semi bridging binding mode' of CO in $\text{Fe}_2(\text{CO})_7(4,4'\text{-bipy})$. Cite one complex where CO acts as $6e^-$ donor. Show the binding mode of CO in this complex. (4+4)

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