

2025

## M.Sc. 1st Semester Examination

## APPLIED MATHEMATICS

Paper : MTMC401X1

[Measure Theory]



Full Marks : 25

Time : One Hour

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks.**Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.**Notations and symbols have their usual meanings.*

## Group - A

Answer any *two* questions :  $2 \times 2 = 4$ 

1. Show that the set of all rational numbers is a null subset of  $\mathbb{R}$ . [CO1]

2. Let  $X$  be a measurable space and  $\chi_E : X \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a measurable function, where

$$\chi_E(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } x \in E \\ 0 & \text{if } x \notin E \end{cases}. \text{ Is } E \text{ a measurable set in } X?$$

[CO1]

3. Define  $\sigma$ -algebra with an example. [CO1]

4. Define measure with an example. [CO1]

P.T.O.



( 2 )

**Group - B**

Answer any *two* questions :

4×2=8

5. Let  $\mu$  be a measure on a  $\sigma$ -algebra  $\mathfrak{M}$ . Then show that  $\mu(A_n) \rightarrow \mu(A)$  as  $n \rightarrow \infty$  if  $A = \bigcup_{n=1}^{\infty} A_n$ ,  $A_n \in \mathfrak{M}$  and  $A_1 \subset A_2 \subset A_3 \subset \dots$  [CO1]
6. Suppose  $f : X \rightarrow [0, \infty]$  is measurable and  $\phi(E) = \int_E f d\mu$  for every measurable set  $E$  in  $X$ . Show that  $\phi$  is a measure and  $\int g d\phi = \int gf d\mu$  for every measurable function  $g$  on  $X$  with range in  $[0, \infty]$ . [CO1]

7. Show that every bounded Riemann integrable function is Lebesgue integrable and the two integrals are equal in this case. [CO2]

8. Construct the Cantor set. Show that it is a null set. [CO1]

**Group - C**

Answer any *one* question :

8×1=8

9. (i) Let  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^p}$  if  $0 < x \leq 1$  and  $f(0) = 0$ . Find necessary and sufficient condition on  $p$  such that  $f \in L^1[0, 1]$ . Compute  $\int_0^1 f(x) \lambda(x)$  in that case. [CO2]

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- (ii) Let  $f : X \rightarrow [0, \infty]$  be measurable,  $E \in \mathfrak{M}$  and  $\int_E f d\mu = 0$ . Show that  $f = 0$  a.e. on  $E$ . 5+3 [CO2]

10. (i) Let  $s_1$  and  $s_2$  be nonnegative simple measurable functions on a measurable space  $X$ . Show that  $\int_X (s_1 + s_2) d\mu = \int_X s_1 d\mu + \int_X s_2 d\mu$ . [CO2]

- (ii) State Fatou's lemma. Give an example to show that strict inequality can occur in Fatou's lemma. 4+4 [CO2]

**Internal Assessment : 5 marks**

