2023

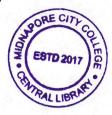
BCA 5th Semester Examination

ELECTIVE-I

PAPER - 3104

Full Marks: 70

Time: 3 hours



The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

(Applied Graph Theory)

Answer from both the Groups as directed.

GROUP-A

Answer any five questions:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- 1. What is distance of a tree?
- 2. Define branch and cord.
- 3. Define cut sets with example.

/751



(2

- 4. Explain region of a graph.
- 5. What is regular graph?
- 6. Define Hamiltonian cycle.
- . Explain eccentricity of a graph.
- 8. Define multigraph with example.

GROUP-B

Answer any four questions.

- **9.** (a) Show that a Hamiltonian path is a spanning tree.
- (b) Explain isomorphism between graphs.
- (c) Show that the complement of a bipartite graph need not be a bipartite.
- (d) Explain components of graph.

4+5+4+2=15

- 10. (a) Describe the following with example:
- i) Sub-graph
- (ii) Spanning sub-graph
- (b) Give the proof for the following theorem:

 If a graph has exactly two vertices of odd degree, there must be a path joining these two vertices.
- (c) Define the cut set of a graph. 6+6+3=15

/751

(3

THAIL BANK

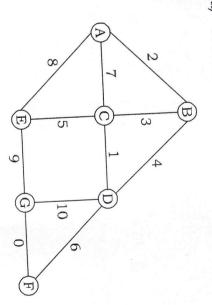
ESTD 2017

- 11. (a) A connected graph is an Euler graph if and only if every vertex has even degree.
- (b) Show that the complete graph of 4 vertices is self-dual.
- (c) Define Walk.

6+5+4=15

- 12. (a) Prove that a simple graph with n vertices and k components cannot have more than (n-k)(n-k+1)/2 edges.
- (b) Give the proof for the following theorem:

 If a graph has exactly two vertices of odd degree, there must be a path joining these two vertices.
- (c) Discuss planar graph with one example. 6+5+4=15
- 13. (a) Consider the following graph:



(Turn Over)



4

starting on node A? What happens if we run Prim's algorithm

- *(b)* What are the final costs and edges resulting MST. selected? Give the set of edges in the
- (c) Define Prim's Algorithm for MST.

5+5+5=15

(a)

(Web Design & Application)



Answer Q. No. 1 and any four from the rest.

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

Answer any five questions:

Explain GET and POST request methods.

(b) Define Anchor tag with an example.

What is the use of \$ symbol in PHP? Explain

with an example.

At What are the differences between Generic Servlet and HTTP Servlet?

- (e) What are the different types of session tracking mechanism suported by Servlets?
- 5 What are PHP functions? Explain how to create and call functions.

9 What is an ID selector in CSS?

And What is the use of tag? Give the syntax of tag.

Write short notes on the following: $5 \times 3 = 15$

(a) MIME

(Turn Over)

(Continued)



(b) WWW

6)

(c) DNS

Explain various datatypes used JavaScript. in

- (b) Write a JavaScript code to find factorial of a number.
- 6 Write a JavaScript code to check the to upper case. contents entered in a form text element. If the text entered in the lower case, convert 5+5+5=15
- (a) List the statements that are used to connect PHP with MySQL with an example.
- (b) Define Session and Cookies. Explain with an example program. 8+7=15
- 5. (a) Explain the structure of HTML web page with an example.
- *(b)* Define Table tag and its attributes with an example. 7+8=15
- 6 (a) What is CSS? What are the advantages and disadvantages of using CSS in XHTML?

as Rimber i cail /751

(Continued)

(b) What is selector class? Explain any five types of selectors in CSS. (2+6)+(2+5)=15

(a) Explain the several ways for positioning elements on the web pages.

Design a PHP code to swap any two numbers.

(c) Write a PHP script for uploading a file to the server. 5+5+5=15

/751



(Fuzzy Logic and Neural Network)

Answer any five questions.

- (a) Differentiate between Artificial Neural Network and Biological Neural Network.
- (b) What do you mean by cost estimation function in Neural Network?
- (c) Derive the decision line of AND gate using perception rule. 4+3+7=14
- 2. (a) What are fuzzy propositions?
- (b) Derive cardinality and relative cardinality of a fuzzy set.
- (c) Define fuzzy singleton rule.
- (d) Differentiate between Classical sets and Fuzzy sets.
- (e) Define alpha cut, strong alpha cut sets and level sets of a given fuzzy set.

2+3+2+4+3=14

3. (a) Explain in detail the architecture of McCulloch-Pitts neuron model and also realize 3-input EX-OR gate using the above neuron model.

(Continued)

(9

(b) Explain Hopfield network with diagram.



- (c) List different activation functions used in neural network. (3+2)+5+4=14
- 4. (a) Explain the following components of Fuzzy logic system:
- (i) Fuzzification
- (ii) Fuzzy rule base
- (ii) Fuzzy inference engine
- (iv) Defuzzification
- (b) Explain the steps involved in training algorithm of back propagation algorithm. (2×4)+6=14
- **5.** (a) Consider two Fuzzy sets A and B with their membership functions:

 $\mu A(x) = \{0.5, 0.7, 0.6, 0.2, 0.5\}$

 $\mu B(x) = \{0.7, 0.5, 0.9, 0.8, 0.3\}$

Then compute -

(i) $A \cup B$

(Turn Over)



(10)

 $A \cap B$

(ii)

- (iii) A'-B
- (*iv*) A∩B′
- (b) Discuss the effect of learning rule coefficient.
- (c) Compare single layer and multilayer perception models. $(2\times4)+3+3=14$
- **6.** Write short notes on (any three):

14

- (a) Kohonen's self-organizing map
- (b) Fuzzy Controller
- (c) BAM
- (d) Hebb rule and Delta learning rule
- e) Adaptive Resonance Theory (ART)
- 7. (a) Using max-min composition and max-product composition, find the relation R(x,y)

of given-
$$R(x,y) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.5 & 0.7 & 0.3 \\ 0.9 & 0.4 & 0.2 \\ 0.8 & 0.4 & 0.7 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and

/751

(Continued)

(11)

$$R(y,z) = \begin{bmatrix} 0.3 & 1 \\ 0.4 & 0.2 \\ 0.3 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(b) Explain the architectural details of an algorithm of MADALINE model. 7+7=14





(Advanced Unix and Shell Programming)

Answer from both the Groups as directed.

GROUP-A

Answer any five questions:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

N

What do you mean by monolithic kernel?

- Differentiate between \$* and \$@.
- ω Mention two external commands of Unix with example.
- 4 What is the role of IFS system variable?
- ĊI What do you mean by shell scripting?
- 9 What are the functions of 'rm' and 'rmdir' commands?
- 7 What are the different types of shells in Unix?
- 00 What do you know about Superuser in UNIX?

GROUP-B

Answer any four questions

9 What are the different types of blocks on a disk are the UNIX file attributes? in Unix? Explain each with functionality. What 10+5=15

(Continued)

(13)

10. What are the four stages of a Linux Process? What is Crontab? Explain with example. What are the advantages and disadvantages of shell scripting? 6+4+5=15

- 11. What do you mean by UNIX process life cycle? of the environment variable given as HOME and Explain with diagram. What is the significance PATH? 10+5=15
- 12. How many types of control instructions are available in a shell? Explain with example. Write down the functions of the following metacharacters :

>,*,[],?,&,cmd,/,and\

- 13. (a) Explain the architecture of UNIX OS.
- (b) Write the features of UNIX Operating System.
- (c) Write the differences between line editor and screen editor. 5+5+5=15
- 14. (a) Write a shell script to determine if an integer is Prime or not.
- *(b)* Write a Shell program to Fibonacci Series upto n terms. generate
- (c) What do you know about (i) tee command and (ii) cat command? $5+5+(2\cdot 5\times 2)=15$

(Turn Over)

/751



(14)

15. Write short notes on (any three):

 $5 \times 3 = 15$

(ii) Grep commands (i) Mounting and unmounting

(iii) 'sed' command and 'awk' command

(Mobile Computing)

Answer any five questions.

Show with a diagram, the steps in mobile

. (a) Differentiate between FDMA and TDMA. terminated call in GSM.

(b) 8+6=14

(a) Explain the operation of mobile IP with the help of a suitable schematic diagram and provide suitable examples.

(d) Describe the concept behind reverse

(a) Explain various applications of Mobile Computing.

8+6=14

3

(b) Compare GSM and CDMA. What is a hand-off technique?

4 Distinguish between soft and hard handover.

0 What do you mean by Mac? What do you mean by modulation 3+8+3=14

technique? Explain.

(b) Discuss frequency modulation and amplitude modulation.

What is Bluetooth? Explain. Explain why the tunneling procedure is used. 3+8+3=14

Compare and contrast various popular mobile OS. Briefly explain LEO.

7 Explain about the multicast routing protocol. 8+6=14

8 State the difference among 1G, 2G, 2:5G and 3G.

(Turn Over)

/751

(Continued)

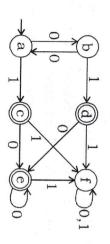




(16) (Automata Theory)

Answer any five questions.

. (a) Minimize the following finite automata.



(b) Convert the following Mealy machine into its equivalent Moore machine.

	D	C	В	\rightarrow A		Present State
	D	В	Α	C	Next State O/P Next State	I/P=0
	ш	<u></u>	1	0	O/P	0=
1 .1	С	Α	D	В	Next State	I/P=1
	0	-	0	0	O/P	

7+7=14

2. (a) Reduce the following grammar:

$$S \rightarrow aAa$$

$$A \rightarrow Sb|bCC|DaA$$

/751

(Continued)

(17)



 $C \rightarrow ab|DD$

 $D \rightarrow aDA$

E→aC

(b) Convert the following grammar into CNF:

$$S \rightarrow a|b|cSS$$

7+7=14

3. (a) Convert the following grammar into GNF:

$$S \rightarrow AA |a$$

$$A \rightarrow SS|b$$

(b) Construct a regular grammar G generating the regular set represented by P=(a+b)*ab*a(a+ab+ba). 7+7=14

(a) Explain about derivation and parse tree. Construct the string 0100110 from the leftmost and rightmost derivation:

A->0/1A/0B



(18)

(b) Find the parse tree for generating the string 11001010 from the given grammar:

S->1B/0A

A->1/1S/0AA

B->0/0S/1BB

7+7=14

5. (a) Construct a DFA equivalent to the NFA whose transition table is defined below:

\mathbf{q}_3	\mathbf{q}_{2}	q_1	q_0	State
1	Q _S	q_1	q_1, q_3	Input=0
1	q_2	q ₃	q_2, q_3	Input=1

 $(q_0$ is the initial and q_3 is the final state)

- (b) Construct a DFA accepting all strings w over {a, b} such the that number of a's in w is divisible by 3.
- **6.** (a) Classify grammars according to Chomsky. Define each of them with suitable examples.
- (b) Show that $L = \{a^n b^n | n \ge 1\}$ is not regular.

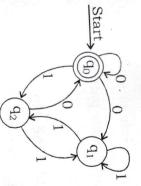
7+7=14

(Continued)

/751

(19)

7. Deduce equivalent R.E. from the Figure below. Prove regular languages are closed under union and complement operation:



Construct a Turing Machine that recognizes the language $L = \{0^{nm} : n, m >= 0\}$.

| * |



(20)

Answer any seven questions. (Compiler Design)

- (a) Define cross compiler.
- (b) Write the role of syntax analysis
- (c) Define Token, pattern, lexeme

 $2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2}+5=10$

'n (a) Consider the expression

$$a + a*(b-c) + (b-c)*d$$

Find the DAG for the expression.

- (b) How can ambiguity be eliminated? 5+5=10
- ω (a) Compute FIRST and FOLLOW sets of the grammar:

$$A \rightarrow CBCA|t$$

$$B \rightarrow CdA | ad$$

$$C \rightarrow eC|t$$

$$D \rightarrow bSf | a$$

(b) Write the role of lexical analyzer. Explain with diagram.
$$6+4=10$$

4 (a) Define handle with example.



(b) Check if the grammar is either SLR(1) or not.

$$S \rightarrow L=R|R$$

$$L \rightarrow *R|id$$

$$R \rightarrow L$$

- (c) Define Left factoring with example. 2+6+2=10
- ĊI Generate the syntax directed scheme

$$I \rightarrow digit$$

to evaluate the expression (4+7+19)*2. Give this string. the anotet parse tree and the translation for



(2

- (a) Differentiate between LL and LR parser.
- (b) Check the grammar whose productions are

S → AaAb BbBa

 $A \rightarrow \varepsilon$

 $B \to \epsilon$

is LL(1).

(c) What is address code?

2+4+4=10

7. Construct LALR parsing table of the following grammar:

 $S \rightarrow CC$

 $C \rightarrow cC|d$

- **8.** (a) Write the major structure of compiler.
- (b) Give an example of semantic analysis with proper explanation.
- (c) What is three address code? 5+3+2=10
- **9.** (a) Write about basic block and Control Flow Graph.

(Continued)

(23)

(b) Consider the following code and find basic block and Control Flow Graph:

fact(x)
{
 int f=1;
 for (i=2; i<=x;i++)
 f=f*i;
 return(f);
}</pre>

10. (a) Write the rules for checking if the grammar is LL(1) or not.

4+6=10

- (b) Write down the algorithm for constructing shift reduce parsing table.
- (c) Write a short note on symbol table. $2\frac{1}{2}+5+2\frac{1}{2}=10$

BCA/5th Sem/3104/23

BL24/1(085)—360