Total Pages: 8

B.Sc./5th Sem (H)/COMP/23(CBCS) 2023

5th Semester Examination

COMPUTER SCIENCE (Honours)

Paper: DSE 2-T

[CBCS]

Full Marks: 40

Time: Two Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

[Networking Programming]

Group - A

Answer any five questions:

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- 1. What is de-multiplexing?
- 2. List the flag used in TCP header.
- 3. Define network congestion.
- 4. What are the types of port numbers used in transport layer?
- 5. Why TCP services are called Stream delivery services?

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- 6. What are the four main properties of HTTP?
- 7. Define WWW.
- 8. What do you mean by TELNET?

Group - B

Answer any four questions:

5×4=20

- 9. What are the advantages of using UDP over TCP?
- 10. Write briefly about UDP echo server functions and lost datagram.
- 11. Describe elementary TCP socket functions with an example.
- 12. Explain how the signals are handled with suitable examples.
- 13. Write down the three types of WWW documents.
- 14. What is email? Describe the electronic mail system.

Group - C

Answer any one question:

10×1=10

- 15. Describe the syntax and purpose of each of the following:
- (i) Socket
- (ii) Bind
- (iii) Accept

(iv) Listen

(v) Connect

16. What is I/O Multiplexing? Describe I/O multiplexing using sockets.



OR

[Computational Linguistics]

Group - A

Answer any five from the following questions:

2×5=10

- 1. What is the Pumping Lemma for regular languages?
- 2. Give examples of a linguistic analysis tasks that can be solved using the concepts of finite-state automata and regular languages?
- 3. What does the term "word meaning" refer to in the context of lexical semantics?
- 4. What is the goal of Word Sense Disambiguation (WSD)?
- 5. What is bottom-up parsing?
- 6. What do you mean by text corpora?
- 7. What is NLTK?
- 8. What do you mean by Part-of-Speech Tagging?

Group - B

Answer any four from the following questions:

5×4=20

9. Explain the role of computers in linguistics and natural language processing. Provide two examples of how computational methods can be applied to linguistic analysis.

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- 10. Describe the fundamental components of a finite-state automaton (FSA) and how it recognizes regular languages. Provide a simple example of a regular language and the corresponding FSA.
- 11. Explain how you can use regular expressions to represent regular languages. Provide an example of a regular expression that represents a language and explain its meaning.

 3+2
- 12. Explain the concept of transducers in the context of morphological analysis. How are transducers used to analyse and generate morphological forms in natural language processing?

 3+2
- 13. Differentiate between inflectional and derivational morphology.
- 14. Identify and describe the ambiguities in the following sentences:
- (i) The man kept the dog in the house.
- (ii) Book that flight.

Group - C

Answer any one from the following questions

10×1=10

(a) Define what N-grams are in the context of language modeling. Provide an example of a bigram (2-gram) and a trigram (3-gram)

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- (b) Explain the purpose of smoothing techniques in helps handle unseen n-grams method used in NLP and briefly describe how it language modelling. Name one common smoothing
- 16. (a) Explain the concept of semantic roles in linguistic processing tasks, such as information extraction or and utilize semantic roles in natural language analysis. How do computational approaches capture
- sentiment analysis?

(b) Describe how you can use Python and NLTK to

count its occurrences. Provide a brief code snippet

search for a specific word within a corpus and

as an example.

OR

[Machine Learning]



Group - A

Answer any five questions:

2×5=10

What is the difference between supervised and unsupervised learning?

Z. Define bias.

- 3. What is the significance of the word 'Naïve' in Naïve Bayes Classifier?
- 4. Find the logistic value for the given weight (W), input (X) and bias (B):

W = [0.25, 1.6, 2.8], X = [6, 11.2, 4.5], B = 0.1.

5. What is over-fitting model?

How to assess a better machine learning model?

7. What is Support Vector Regression?

.8. What is a decision tree?

Group - B

Answer any four questions:

5×4=20

9. What do you mean by Neural Network? Describe the components of Artificial Neural Network (ANN).

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- 16. Explain how the logistic regression model is derived from simple linear regression for classification.
- 11. Write a short note on multilayer perceptron model.
 - 12. Compare gradient and scholastic gradient descent.
- 13. Relate Inductive bias concerning Decision tree learning.
- 14. Explain how dimensionality reduction takes place using PCA.

Group - C

Answer any one question.

10×1=10

- 15. What do you mean by regularization? What are the different regularization techniques? Explain each of the techniques.
- 16. (a) What is Bays' Theorem? Explain using examples.
 - (b) What do you understand by graphical models in machine learning? Explain any two graphical models.



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