Limnology

PAPER — BFSC-201

Full Marks: 50

Time: 2 hours



The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Illustrate the answers wherever necessary.

1. Answer any ten from the following questions: $2 \times 10 = 20$

(a) Define limnology.

(b) What is thermocline zone?

(c) What do you mean by Epifauna and Infauna?

(d) Briefly explain the relationship between phytoplankton and zooplankton.

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(Turn Over)

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zone and aphotic zone? What are the differences between photic

- What is deep water?
- (9) Fransparent or clear water is not suitable for fish culture. Explain
- h Define supra-neuston and infra-neuston with example.
- What do you mean by primary production?
- Define nekton with example
- R Mention scientific and common names of two submerged aquatic plants
- 0 What is biological equilibrium?
- m Define plankton with example
- Compare between GPP and NPP.
- What is Periphyton? Cite example
- N Answer any six from the following questions: 5×6=30
- (a) of lake. Briefly narrate the biological productivity
- 6 Classify different types of plankton based on their size
- 0 Briefly describe thermal stratification of
- (d) Discuss the ecological role of zooplankton

(Continued)

- (e) Add a note on the classification of lake based on temperature.
- (9) Mention the role of plankton in aquatic productivity.
- (9) Classify different types of benthos according Discuss physico-chemical characteristics of to their size.
- freshwater ecosystem
- Define aquatic macrophytes. Classify it depending on habitat with examples. 1+4=5
- Add a note on structure of freshwater ecosystem.



