Total page: 01

PG CBCS M.Sc. Semester- IV Examination, 2022 **Department of Zoology** PAPER: ZOO 403C

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 Hours

MIDA

ORECITY

ESTD 201

TRALLIB

Write the answer for each unit in separate sheet

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

ZOO 403C.1: Genetic Diseases & Molecular Analysis

GROUP-A

Answer any two questions:
a) Why CaCL₂ used in transfection?

b) State the importance of Tm value in PCR.

c) What is the basic difference between a plasmid and a cosmid?

d) What is shot gun approach to sequencing?

GROUP-B

1×8=8

 $2 \times 2 = 4$

2. Answer any <u>two</u> questions:	2×4=8
a) What do you mean by repetitive DNA? How does repetitive DNA used in RFLP.	1+3
b) Compare Taq and Pfu polymerase. Schematically show how to construct doub nested primers.	le round 2+2=4
c) How would you employ Fluorescence in situ hybridization (FISH) to detect speci sequences in interphase cell? What is GISH?	fic DNA 3+1
d) Write the molecular and biochemical basis of Alzheimer's disease in human.	4

GROUP-C

3. Answer any <u>one</u> question:

a) (i) Illustrate how does DNA molecules be hybridized and detected through Southern **Blotting**?

(ii) Mention the role of nitrocellulose in blotting. 6+2=8

b) (i) Describe the basic principle and procedure of dideoxy sequencing method of DNA Sequencing.

(ii) Mention the advantages of Pyro sequencing over Sanger's sequencing. 3+5+2=8

MCC/22/M.Sc./Sem.-IV/ZOO/1

(Turn over)

2×2=4

2:

4

4

4

BRARY

ZOO 403C.2: Applied Genetics

GROUP-A

1. Answer any two questions:

a) What are the medical benefits of Human Genome Project? b) What are the two conserved sequences in light chain and heavy-chain DNA function as NDNAPOR recombination signal sequences (RSSs)? 6,

c) Is there a genetic test for Huntington's disease?

d) Which enzyme catalyzes the recombination of immunoglobulin genes?

GROUP-B

2. Answer any two questions:

a) Discuss the molecular diagnosis of Huntingtin's disease by RFLP.

b) What is the function of immunoglobulin domains? What is the difference between Fab and Fc? 1+3

c) Write a brief note on CpG island.

d) What are the applications of RFLP analysis?

GROUP-C

3. Answer any <u>one</u> question: 1×8=8 **a)** What does VDJ recombination stand for? What are VD and J segments? Where does VDJ recombination occur? 4+3+1=8

b) Give details of differential expression of membrane forms of μm mRNA and δm mRNA heavy chains of BCR regulated by alternative RNA processing. 8