

PG CBCS
M.Sc. Semester-I Examination, 2022
PHYSICS
 PAPER: PHS 102
 (QUANTUM MECHANICS – I & SOLID STATE -I)



Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 Hours

Write the answer for each unit in separate sheet

UNIT- PHS 102.1
QUANTUM MECHANICS – I

GROUP-A

1. Answer any **TWO** from the following questions: 2×2=4
- A real operator \vec{A} satisfies the equation $A^2 - 5A + 6 = 0$, what are the eigen vectors of \vec{A} ?
 - If $\Psi_+(\vec{r})$ and $\Psi_-(\vec{r})$ are the eigen functions of the parity operator belonging to even and odd eigen states, show that they are orthogonal.
 - Show that scalar product is invariant under a unitary transformation.
 - Show that trace of a matrix is invariant under a unitary transformation.

GROUP-B

2. Answer any **TWO** from the following questions: 2×4=8
- Let $|0\rangle$ and $|1\rangle$ denotes normalized eigen state corresponding to the ground and 1st excited state of 1-D harmonic oscillator, find the uncertainty potential in the state $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle)$.
 - Discuss the condition for the operator $(1+i\hat{A})/(1-i\hat{A})$ to be unitary.
 - Show that the product of two projection operators cannot be a projection operator unless they commute.
 - If $[\hat{A}, \hat{B}] = c$ where c is a number, prove that $e^{\hat{A}}\hat{B}e^{-\hat{A}} = \hat{B} + c$ and $e^{\hat{A}+\hat{B}} = e^{\hat{A}}e^{\hat{B}}e^{-\frac{c}{2}}$.

GROUP-C

3. Answer any **ONE** from the following questions: 1×8=8
- Calculate the position and momentum operators $\hat{X}_H(t)$ and $\hat{P}_H(t)$ in the Heisenberg picture for a one-dimensional harmonic oscillator.

P.T.O.

b) For a one-dimensional harmonic oscillator in the state $E_n = (n + \frac{1}{2})\hbar\omega$ Prove that

$$\langle \Delta x^2 \rangle \langle \Delta p^2 \rangle = \hbar^2 (n + \frac{1}{2})^2 \quad \text{Given: } \hat{x} = \sqrt{\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega}}(a + a^\dagger); \hat{p} = i\sqrt{\frac{m\hbar\omega}{2}}(a^\dagger - a)$$

UNIT- PHS 102.2
SOLID STATE -I

GROUP-A



1. Answer any **TWO** of the following questions:

2×2=4

- a) Distinguish between acoustical and optical phonons.
- b) Show that fivefold rotational symmetry is absent in Bravais lattice.
- c) Write down the significance of using reciprocal lattice vector.
- d) What is meant by effective mass of an electron in solid? What does negative effective mass correspond to?

GROUP-B

2. Answer any **TWO** of the following questions:

2×4=8

- a) Discuss the variation of diamagnetic susceptibility (χ_{dia}) with temperature. Find the molar χ_{dia} of Helium at ground state. Given, average Bohr radius = 0.53 Å, atomic density (n) of He gas = $27 \times 10^{23}/\text{CC}$.
- b) Clearly explain what is meant by amorphous and crystalline solids. How they can be distinguished experimentally?
- c) What is Brillouin Zone? How they are related to the energy levels of an electron in metal?
- d) What is phonon? Explain how phonon momentum is transferred to the crystal lattice.

GROUP-C

3. Answer any **ONE** of the following questions:

1×8=8

- a) Derive Laue equation assuming X-ray falling on a crystal. How does it lead to Bragg's law? 6+2
- b) State and prove the Bloch theorem in solids. Discuss the properties of Bloch function. Find the expression of the effective mass of an electron in a solid. 4+2+2
