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PG CBCS M.Sc. Semester-II Examination, 2022 (Mathematics) PAPER: MTM 201 (FLUID MECHANICS)



The figures in the right-hand margin indicate full marks.

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

1. Answer any <u>four</u> questions:

 $4 \times 2 = 8$

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Time: 2 Hours

- **a)** Show that the central difference approximation produces a higher order truncation error than forward difference approximation.
- **b)** What is the effect of Reynold number for determining the relative boundary layer thickness?
- c) What is viscosity? Discuss the difference between Newtonian fluid and non-Newtonian fluid.
- d) Define similar flow and Reynond Number.
- e) Draw an infinitesimally small moving element and show all energy fluxes along y-direction associated with the above element.
- f) How many types of variable arrangement are in the Computational Fluid Dynamics? Discuss them by arranging the x- and y-components of velocities and pressure.

2. Answer any <u>four</u> questions:

4×4=16

- a) Using Taylor series expansion, derive the truncation error for the time and spatial derivative.
- **b**) What is boundary layer? Discuss the relation of boundary layer thickness with Reynold number.
- c) Derive the Hagen-Poiseuille equation for a laminar flow through a pipe.
- **d)** What is Couetee flow? Discuss the nature of the Couetee flow between two parallel plates for different pressure gradient.
- e) An incompressible velocity fields is given by $u = a(x^2 y^2)$, v = -2axy and w = 0. Determine under what conditions it is a solution to the Navier-Stokes momentum equation for the case of without any body forces. Assuming that these conditions are met, determine the resulting pressure distribution.

[P.T.O]

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2×8=16

ESTD 201

f) Discretize the one dimensional transport equation $\frac{\partial T}{\partial t} + a \frac{\partial T}{\partial x} = \alpha \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial t^2}$ where *a* and α are constants, using Crank-Nicolson scheme and hence write the algebraic expression in a matrix form for the case of Neumann boundary conditions.

3. Answer any <u>two</u> questions:

a) Derive the Navier-Stokes equation in conservative form.

- b) Derive the Blasius's equation for a boundary layer of a fluid flow along a fluid flow along a flat plate.
- c) (i) An incompressible velocity fields is given by $u = 2(x^3 2xz), v = c$

and w is unknown, where c is any constant. What must be the form of velocity component w be?

(ii) Write the algebraic formula for $\frac{dy}{dx}$ using forward, backward, central, and three points asymmetry for forward as well as backward schemes. Also write the order of accuracy of these schemes. [4+4]
