2022

3rd Semester Examination MATHEMATICS (Honours)

Paper: C 6-T

(Group Theory - I)

[CBCS]

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

1. Answer any ten questions:

2×10=20

ESTD 201

- (i) Define abelian group. Give example of a finite abelian group.
- (ii) If G is a group of even order, then prove that it has an element $a \neq e$ such that $a^2 = e$.
- (iii) Does the set of all odd integers form a group with respect to addition? Give suitable justification.
- (iv) Suppose that a group contains elements a and b such that O(a) = 4, O(b) = 2 and $a^3b = ba$. Find O(ab).

P.T.O.

(v) Find the order of $\alpha\beta$, if the permutations

$$\alpha = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 8 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 7 & 6 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and}$$

$$\beta = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 3 & 5 & 2 & 7 & 8 & 1 & 6 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (vi) Show that the group $[\{1,2,3,4\}, X_5]$ is a cyclic
- (vii) If a and x are two elements of a group G such that $axa^{-1} = b$, then find x. If $b^n = e$, then find
- (viii) Let G and G' be two groups and $\theta: G \to G'$ be a homomorphism of G onto G'. Prove that if G is cyclic, then G' is also cyclic.
- (ix) Let G be a group and H be a subgroup of G Prove that H = hH if and only if $h \in H$
- (x) Prove that every cyclic group is abelian, but converse is not true in general
- (xi) Define center of a group. If G be a group of order 4, what will be its center.
- (xii) Define quotient group.
- (xiii) Consider the group G = GL(2, R) under multiplication and $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$. Find centralizer of A, i.e., C(A).

(xiv) Prove that intersection of two normal subgroups is

(xv) Show that the direct product $Z_6 \times Z_4$ is not cyclic

2. Answer any four questions:

5×4=20

(i) Prove that the set of matrices

abelian group? forms a group under matrix multiplication. Does it $A_{\alpha} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \alpha & -\sin \alpha \\ \sin \alpha & \cos \alpha \end{bmatrix}$ where α is a real number,

- (ii) Define even and odd permutation. Let α and β either even or odd permutation together belong to S_n . Prove that $\beta \alpha \beta^{-1}$ and α both are
- (iii) Define centralizer of an element in a group. Prove is a subgroup of G. that for each a in a group G, the centralizer of a
- (iv) How many elements of order 9 does $Z_3 \oplus Z_9$ have?
- (v) Find all the homomorphism of the group (Z,+) to the group (Z,+).
- (vi) Prove that every group of prime order is cyclic.
- 3. Answer any two questions:

(i) (a) Let n > 1 be a fixed integer and let



- $u(n) = \{m \in N \mid m < n, (m, n) = 1\}$. Then prove that $(u(n), X_n)$ is a group. If n = 100, then what is the order of u(n)?
- (b) Define Alternating group of order n. Find all elements of A_3 . 5+5
- (ii) (a) State and prove Lagrange's theorem on groups. By using Lagrange's theorem prove that if H and K are subgroups whose orders are relatively prime, then show that $H \cap K = \{e\}$.
 - (b) How many generators are there of the cyclic group of order 8? (2+4+2)+2
- (iii) (a) Let G be a finite abelian group and let p be a prime number such that p divides order of G. Then prove that G has an element of order p. (Cauchy's Theorem).
 - (b) Prove that any group of order four is abelian. 5+5
- (iv) (a) Let $\theta: G \to G'$ be a homomorphism of a group G onto a group G'. Let $K = \ker \theta$. Then prove that K is a normal subgroup of G and $\frac{G}{K} \cong G'$. (First Isomorphism Theorem).
 - (b) Let H be a subgroup of G. If $x^2 \in H$ for all $x \in G$, then prove that H is a normal subgroup of G and G/H is commutative. 5+5