B.Sc./3rd Sem (H)/CHEM/22(CBCS)

2022

3rd Semester Examination CHEMISTRY (Honours)

Paper: C 5-T

[Physical Chemistry - II]

(CBCS)

Full Marks: 40

Time: Two Hours

ESTD 201

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The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Group - A

Answer any five questions.

 $2 \times 5 = 10$

- 1. What type of electric source [alternating current (AC) or direct current (DC)] is used in modern laboratory conductivity meter and why?
- 2. What is Reynold's number? How is it related to streamline and turbulant flow of a liquid?
- 3. What is thermodynamic equation of state?
- 4. Describe the criteria of a well behaved class of function in quantum mechanics.

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- 5. Write the Raoult's law for ideal solution.
- 6. Find the commutator of x and p_x operator.
- 7. Define fugacity co-efficient.
- 8. Define the term 'Chemical potential'.

Group - B

Answer any four questions.

5×4=20

- 9. Describe the temperature effect on the viscosity of a liquid. Compare how it is different from that of a gaseous substance.

 3+2=5
- 10. What is asymmetric effect in the Debye Huckel theory of ion atmosphere? How one can calculate the degree of dissociation of a weak electrolyte experimentally using Ostwald's dilution law? 2+3=5
- 11. What is transport number of ion? Describe the Hittrof's principle for the determination of transport number of ion in solution.
- 12. Define the term chemical potential. Describe the variation of chemical potential with temperature and show the variation on the graphical plot.

 1+4=5
- 13. Set up the Schrodinger equation for one dimensional box and find its solution.
- 14. Derive the expression of Keq using Nernst distributionlaw for dimerization of benzene.

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Group - C



Answer any one question.

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

(a) In water medium conductance value of the following alkali metal ions increases in the following order $Li^+ < Na^+ < K^+$

But in Dioxan solvent we observe the reverse order — explain.

- (b) What is Kohlraush's law of independent migration of ions? Explain with example.
- (c) For the reaction $PCl_5(g) = PCl_3(g) + Cl_2(g)$, the equilibrium constant at 298K is 1.99×10^{-7} . The dissociation is endothermic and the value of enthalpy change under standard condition is 92 kJ at 298K. Calculate the equilibrium constant at 398K.
- 16. (a) Particle in a box has function $\psi_n = \sqrt{\frac{2}{a}} \sin \frac{n\pi}{a} x$. Calculate the value of average position and average momentum.
- (b) How the idea of degeneracy is explained from the energy expression of a particle in three dimensional box. 7+3=10