## **PG CBCS**

## M.Sc. Semester-I Examination, 2021 MEDICAL LABORATORY TECHNOLOGY (MLT)

PAPER: MLT 196 (PRACTICAL)

## (CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY, SEROLOGY & IMMUNOLOGY)

Full Marks: 50 Time: 4 Hours

Answer anv	TWO	anections	of the	following
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2X25=50

- 1. i) Describe the principle and procedure of total proteins determination in serum by Biuret method. Mention the normal value of proteins in serum. 3+8+1
  - ii) Describe the principle, procedure and interpretation of the result of creatinine determination in serum by Jaffe's Kinetic method. 3+8+2
- 2. i) What is Beer-Lambert's law? Mention the working principle of colorimeter. Write the applications of colorimeter. Mention two photometric instruments. 2+3+3+2
  - ii) Write the types of laboratory water bath. Mention some features of water bath. Mention the precautions you have to take during usage of water bath. 4+3+3
  - iii) Discuss the calibration process of graduated pipette and volumetric flask. 2+3
- 3. i) Discuss the principle, procedure and interpretation of the result of determination of cholesterol in serum by CHOD/PAP method. Mention the normal value of cholesterol in serum. 3+7+2+1
  - ii) Describe the principle, procedure and interpretation of result of triglyceride determination in serum by GPO/PAP method 3+7+2
- 4. i) Describe the principle, procedure and interpretation of the result of determination of SGPT in serum by modified IFCC method.

  4+7+2
  - ii) Discuss the principle, procedure and interpretation of result of determination of total and direct bilirubin in serum by Jendrassik and Grof method. 3+7+2
- 5. i) Describe the principle, procedure and interpretation of result of WIDAL test. 3+7+3
  - ii) Describe the principle and procedure of AIDS test. Mention the precautions you have to take during the performance of AIDS test.

    3+7+2
- 6. i) What is ultracentrifugation? Mention the principle of centrifugation. Mention the types and applications of different kinds of centrifugation techniques. 2+3+7
  - ii) What is anticoagulant? Give two examples of anticoagulant. Mention the medical uses of anticoagulant. 2+2+4
  - iii) Mention three advantages of using micropipette. Mention the precautions you have to take during usage of micropipette. 3+2