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UG/5th Sem/CHEM(H)/T/19

2019

B.Sc. (Honours)

5th Semester Examination

CHEMISTRY

Paper - DSE-1T

Advanced Physical Chemistry

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 Hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Group - A

1. Answer any five questions:

2×5=10

- (a) State Steno's law of crystallography.
- (b) K⁺ and Cl⁻ ions have same scattering power
 Justify.
- (c) Determine the Miller indices of the planes that intersect the crystallographic axes (i) a, 2b, 2c and (ii) a, b, -c.

[Turn Over]

- (d) MO is B.C.C, $\rho = 10.3$ gm/cc. Calculate (i) edge length (ii) d_{110} and d_{111} (M = 95.94 gm/mol)
- (e) Which state function of the system is related to the maximum value of thermodynamic probability and how?
- (f) What is the no. of Microstates for 4 identical distinguishable particles in two states.
- (g) State Planck's law (3rd law of thermodynamics).
- (h) Describe the mechanism of electrical conductivity in conducting polymers.

Group - B

Answer any four questions:

5×4=20

- 2. (a) KCl has a fcc lattice. But from X-ray diffraction experiment it appears to be simple cubic Explain.
 - (b) The density of NaCl is 2.17×10^3 kg/m³ and (100) plane reflection using X-ray of wave length λ occurs at $\theta = 6^{\circ}$. Calculate λ .
- 3. (a) Calculate the closest distance between the atoms placed in a fcc lattice.

- (b) The element Po (at wt = 210) crystallizes in the cubic system. Bragg first order reflection using X-ray of wave length 0.154 nm occur at sin θ values 0.225, 0.316 and 0.388 for reflection from (100), (110) and (111) planes (i) Determine whether the unit cell is S.C., B.C.C., F.C.C. (ii) Calculate 'a' (iii) Calculate density.
- 4. (a) The molecules of a gas have two energy states, zero and E and degeneracies g₁ and g₂ respectively. Write down the expression for molecular partition function.
 - (b) Consider 20 molecules divided equally between four non-degenerate energy levels (i) what is the thermodynamic probability (w) for this distribution? (ii) How does the value of w change if one molecule is removed from one level and added to another?
- 5. (a) Consider a system of six distinguishable particles.

 One of the macrostates has the following distribution of particles:

Energy: $0 \in 1 \in 2 \in 3 \in 4 \in$ No. of Particles: $0 \quad 0 \quad 2 \quad 2 \quad 2$

Calculate its thermodynamic probability.

2



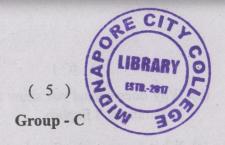
(b) Calculate the difference in entropy between two macrostates I and II where six distinguishable particles are distributed in 3 different energy levels (0, ∈ and 2 ∈) in the following manner

Energy $0 \in 2 \in$ Macrostate – I 3 3 0

Macrostate – II 2 2 2

- 6. (a) State Dulong & Petit's law.
 - (b) What is the limitation of Einsteins model of Specific heat of solid? 2
 - (c) The Debye's law has been found to be quite satisfactory in the case of many metallic systems specially for cubical monoatomic ones Explain.
- 7. (a) What is the criteria for synthetic polymer formations?
 - (b) Write short note on Copolymerization. 2





Answer any one question:

 $10 \times 1 = 10$

- 8. (a) Derive Barometric distribution formula from Boltzmann energy distribution.
 - (b) Calculate the total number of Microstates of the distribution of three distinguishable particles in two boxes.
 - (c) Calculate the rotational partition function for N₂ molecule at 27°C temperature. The internuclear distance of N₂ is 109.76 pm.
 - (d) Suppose a molecule has two energy levels $\in_1=0$ and $\in_2=kT$. Calculate (i) the partition function and (ii) ration of the number of molecules in the two levels [K=Boltzmann constant and T is the temperature in Kelvin] 2
- 9. (a) An element occurs in two forms α and β. α has FCC and β has BCC with 'a' values 3.68Å and 2.92Å respectively. (i) Calculate the percentage of shrinkage of volume when α is converted to β and (ii) Calculate the ratio of densities.

[Turn Over]

- (b) Why does crystal not show 5 fold, 7 fold axis of symmetry? Explain.
- (c) What is meant by Tetrahedral and Octahedral voids?
- (d) For which (111) planes do you expect the intensities to be less, those containing Na or those containing Cl⁻ atoms only in NaCl? 2