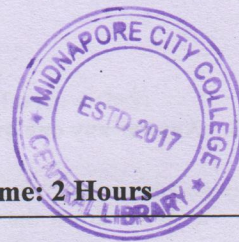


**PG (NEW) CBCS**  
**M.Sc. Semester-II Examination, 2019**  
**PHYSICS**  
**PAPER: PHS 203**

Full Marks: 40

Time: 2 Hours



**Use Separate Answer Scripts for each unit**

PHS 203.1:

ANALOG ELECTRONICS-II

Marks-20

**1. Answer any two questions.****(Marks: 2×2=4)**

- a) What is the condition of reciprocity and symmetry for inverse-hybrid parameters of a two component network?
- b) What do you mean by image impedance of a network?
- c) Draw the  $I_{CE}$  vs.  $V_{CE}$  characteristic curve for a Photo transistor.
- d) State and explain Thevenin's theorem.

**2. Answer any two questions.****(Marks: 4×2=8)**

- a) A certain transmission line has a characteristic impedance of  $75+j0.01$  ohm and is terminated in a load impedance of  $70+j50$  ohm. Compute i) the reflection coefficient and ii) the transmission coefficient. **(Marks: 2+2=4)**
- b) A lossless line has a characteristic impedance of 50 ohm and is terminated in a load resistance of 75 ohm. The line is energized by a generator which has an output impedance of 50 ohm and an open circuit current voltage of 30 V (rms). The line is assumed to be 2.25 wavelengths long. Determine
  - i) The input impedance
  - ii) The magnitude of the instantaneous load voltage. **(Marks: 2+2=4)**
- c) What is the symbol of a photo-diode? Draw the V-I characteristic curve of a photo diode. **(Marks: 1+3=4)**
- d) Describe how one can do AC power control using Triac.

**(Turn Over)**



(2)

3. Answer any one question.

(Marks: 8×1=8)

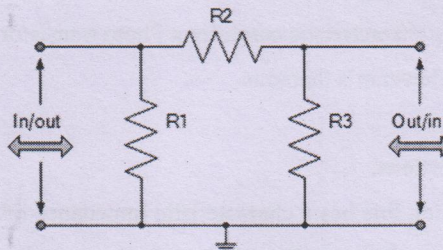
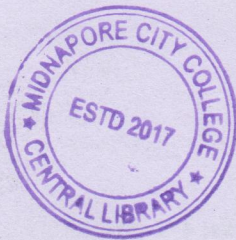
a) Write down the voltage and current equations of a transmission line. Draw the magnitude of voltage and current traveling waves. From the transmission line equations show that characteristic impedance is given by

$$Z_0 \cong \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}$$

(Marks: 2+2+4=8)

b) i) How will you convert a two component  $\pi$  network to an equivalent T network?

(Marks: 4)



ii) Draw equivalent T-network of the above  $\pi$  network where  $R_1=5$  ohm,  $R_2=3$  ohm and  $R_3=4$  ohm

(Marks: 4)

PHS 203.2:

**DIGITAL ELECTRONICS-II****Marks-20**

1. Answer any two questions.

(Marks: 2×2=4)

- i) In a DAC for input signal 1100, the output voltage is 4 volt. What is the output voltage for the input signal 1001?
- ii) Explain the term overflow with example in signed binary arithmetics.
- iii) Find  $(25)_{10} - (20)_{10}$  using 2's complement method.
- iv) What are the difference between SRAM and DRAM?

(Turn Over)



(3)

**2. Answer any two questions.****(Marks: 4×2=8)**

- i) What will be the content of accumulator and flag after the execution of following instructions?

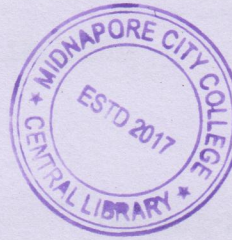
MVI A, 07

MVI B, 05

ADD B

XRA A

HLT

**(Marks: 4)**

- ii) What is quantization in a digital communication system? Discuss in brief.  
iii) Write the working principle of A to D converter.  
iv) Design a full adder circuit using two 4:1 MUX.

**(Marks: 4)**

- d) Describe how one can do AC power control using Triac.

**3. Answer any one question.****(Marks: 8×1=8)**

- a) i) With a block diagram, explain the PCM in a digital communication system.

- ii) What are the flags in 8085 up? Explain it in brief **(Marks: 4+4=8)**

- b) Draw and explain register architecture of 8085 microprocessor. **(Marks: 8)**

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